AIM 8/15/19

FIG 5-4-30 Standard and Expanded Circling Approach Radii in the U.S. TPP

STANDARD CIRCLING APPROACH MANEUVERING RADIUS

Circling approach protected areas developed prior to late 2012 used the radius distances shown in the following table, expressed in nautical miles (NM), dependent on aircraft approach category. The approaches using standard circling approach areas can be identified by the absence of the symbol on the circling line of minima.

Circling MDA in feet MSL	Approach Category and Circling Radius (NM)					
	CAT A	CAT B	CAT C	CAT D	CAT E	
All Altitudes	1.3	1.5	1.7	2.3	4.5	

C EXPANDED CIRCLING APPROACH MANEUVERING AIRSPACE RADIUS

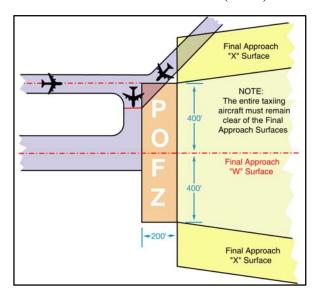
Circling approach protected areas developed after late 2012 use the radius distance shown in the following table, expressed in nautical miles (NM), dependent on aircraft approach category, and the altitude of the circling MDA, which accounts for true airspeed increase with altitude. The approaches using expanded circling approach areas can be identified by the presence of the symbol on the circling line of minima.

Circling MDA in feet MSL	Approach Category and Circling Radius (NM)					
	CAT A	CAT B	CAT C	CAT D	CAT E	
1000 or less	1.3	1.7	2.7	3.6	4.5	
1001-3000	1.3	1.8	2.8	3.7	4.6	
3001-5000	1.3	1.8	2.9	3.8	4.8	
5001-7000	1.3	1.9	3.0	4.0	5.0	
7001-9000	1.4	2.0	3.2	4.2	5.3	
9001 and above	1.4	2.1	3.3	4.4	5.5	

2. Precision Obstacle Free Zone (POFZ). A

volume of airspace above an area beginning at the runway threshold, at the threshold elevation, and centered on the extended runway centerline. The POFZ is 200 feet (60m) long and 800 feet (240m) wide. The POFZ must be clear when an aircraft on a vertically guided final approach is within 2 nautical miles of the runway threshold and the official weather observation is a ceiling below 250 feet or visibility less than ³/₄ statute mile (SM) (or runway visual range below 4,000 feet). If the POFZ is not clear, the MINIMUM authorized height above touchdown (HAT) and visibility is 250 feet and $\frac{3}{4}$ SM. The POFZ is considered clear even if the wing of the aircraft holding on a taxiway waiting for runway clearance penetrates the POFZ; however, neither the fuselage nor the tail may infringe on the POFZ. The POFZ is applicable at all runway ends including displaced thresholds.

FIG 5-4-31
Precision Obstacle Free Zone (POFZ)



5–4–54 Arrival Procedures