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to reconsider or modify within a reasonable time after receipt of the petition or receipt of the reply petition, if any. The FAA decisionmaker may affirm, modify, or reverse the final decision and order on appeal, or may remand the case for any proceedings that the FAA decisionmaker determines may be necessary.

[Amdt. 13–21, 55 FR 27575, July 3, 1990; 55 FR 29293, July 18, 1990; Amdt. 13–23, 55 FR 45983, Oct. 31, 1990]

§13.235 Judicial review of a final decision and order.

(a) In cases under the Federal aviation statute, a party may seek judicial review of a final decision and order of the Administrator, as provided in 49 U.S.C. 46110(a), and, as applicable, in 49 U.S.C. 46301(d)(7)(D)(iii), 46301(g), or 47532.

(b) In cases under the Federal hazardous materials transportation statute, a party may seek judicial review of a final decision and order of the Administrator, as provided in 49 U.S.C. 5127.

(c) A party seeking judicial review of a final order issued by the Administrator may file a petition for review in the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit or in the United States Court of Appeals for the circuit in which the party resides or has its principal place of business. (d) The party must file the petition for review no later than 60 days after service of the Administrator's final decision and order.

[Doc. No. FAA-2006-26477, 71 FR 70465, Dec. 5, 2006]

Subpart H—Civil Monetary Penalty Inflation Adjustment

SOURCE: Docket No. 28762, 61 FR 67445, Dec. 20, 1996, unless otherwise noted.

§13.301 Inflation adjustments of civil monetary penalties.

(a) This subpart provides the maximum civil monetary penalties or range of minimum and maximum civil monetary penalties for each statutory civil penalty subject to FAA jurisdiction, as adjusted for inflation.

(b) Each adjustment to a maximum civil monetary penalty or to minimum and maximum civil monetary penalties that establish a civil monetary penalty range applies to actions initiated under this part for violations occurring on or after November 27, 2018, notwithstanding references to specific civil penalty amounts elsewhere in this part.

(c) Minimum and maximum civil monetary penalties are as follows:

TABLE 1 TO §13.301—MINIMUM AND MAXIMUM CIVIL MONETARY PENALTY AMOUNTS FOR CERTAIN VIOLATIONS

United States Code citation	Civil monetary penalty description	2017 min- imum pen- alty amount	New min- imum pen- alty amount for viola- tions occur- ring on or after 11/27/ 2018, ad- justed for in- flation	2017 maximum penalty amount	New maximum penalty amount for violations occurring on or after 11/27/2018, adjusted for inflation
49 U.S.C. 5123(a)(1).	Violation of hazardous materials transpor- tation law.	N/A	N/A	\$78,376	\$79,976.
49 U.S.C. 5123(a)(2).	Violation of hazardous materials transpor- tation law resulting in death, serious illness, severe injury, or sub- stantial property de- struction.	N/A	N/A	\$182,877	\$186,610.
49 U.S.C. 5123(a)(3).	Violation of hazardous materials transpor- tation law relating to training.	\$471	\$481	\$78,376	\$79,976.