temperatures that would constitute a fire hazard under the conditions specified in §25.721(b).

- (5) Fuel tank installations must be such that the tanks will not rupture as a result of the landing gear or an engine pylon or engine mount tearing away as specified in §25.721(a) and (c).
- (e) Fuel tank access covers must comply with the following criteria in order to avoid loss of hazardous quantities of fuel:
- (1) All covers located in an area where experience or analysis indicates a strike is likely must be shown by analysis or tests to minimize penetration and deformation by tire fragments, low energy engine debris, or other likely debris.
- (2) All covers must be fire resistant as defined in part 1 of this chapter.
- (f) For pressurized fuel tanks, a means with fail-safe features must be provided to prevent the buildup of an excessive pressure difference between the inside and the outside of the tank.

[Doc. No. 5066, 29 FR 18291, Dec. 24, 1964, as amended by Amdt. 25–40, 42 FR 15043, Mar. 17, 1977; Amdt. 25–69, 54 FR 40354, Sept. 29, 1989; Amdt. 25–139, 79 FR 59430, Oct. 2, 2014]

§ 25.965 Fuel tank tests.

- (a) It must be shown by tests that the fuel tanks, as mounted in the airplane, can withstand, without failure or leakage, the more critical of the pressures resulting from the conditions specified in paragraphs (a)(1) and (2) of this section. In addition, it must be shown by either analysis or tests, that tank surfaces subjected to more critical pressures resulting from the condition of paragraphs (a)(3) and (4) of this section, are able to withstand the following pressures:
 - (1) An internal pressure of 3.5 psi.
- (2) 125 percent of the maximum air pressure developed in the tank from ram effect.
- (3) Fluid pressures developed during maximum limit accelerations, and deflections, of the airplane with a full tank
- (4) Fluid pressures developed during the most adverse combination of airplane roll and fuel load.
- (b) Each metallic tank with large unsupported or unstiffened flat surfaces, whose failure or deformation could

- cause fuel leakage, must be able to withstand the following test, or its equivalent, without leakage or excessive deformation of the tank walls:
- (1) Each complete tank assembly and its supports must be vibration tested while mounted to simulate the actual installation.
- (2) Except as specified in paragraph (b)(4) of this section, the tank assembly must be vibrated for 25 hours at an amplitude of not less than ½2 of an inch (unless another amplitude is substantiated) while % filled with water or other suitable test fluid.
- (3) The test frequency of vibration must be as follows:
- (i) If no frequency of vibration resulting from any r.p.m. within the normal operating range of engine speeds is critical, the test frequency of vibration must be 2,000 cycles per minute.
- (ii) If only one frequency of vibration resulting from any r.p.m. within the normal operating range of engine speeds is critical, that frequency of vibration must be the test frequency.
- (iii) If more than one frequency of vibration resulting from any r.p.m. within the normal operating range of engine speeds is critical, the most critical of these frequencies must be the test frequency.
- (4) Under paragraphs (b)(3)(ii) and (iii) of this section, the time of test must be adjusted to accomplish the same number of vibration cycles that would be accomplished in 25 hours at the frequency specified in paragraph (b)(3)(i) of this section.
- (5) During the test, the tank assembly must be rocked at the rate of 16 to 20 complete cycles per minute, through an angle of 15° on both sides of the horizontal (30° total), about the most critical axis, for 25 hours. If motion about more than one axis is likely to be critical, the tank must be rocked about each critical axis for $12\frac{1}{2}$ hours.
- (c) Except where satisfactory operating experience with a similar tank in a similar installation is shown, nonmetallic tanks must withstand the test specified in paragraph (b)(5) of this section, with fuel at a temperature of 110 °F. During this test, a representative specimen of the tank must be installed in a supporting structure simulating the installation in the airplane.