Federal Aviation Administration, DOT

minute, during which time the ground subsystem is available for operational use. When the transmissions of the ground subsystem are not available, the identification signal must be suppressed. The audible tone in the aircraft is started by setting the Morse Code bit to logic "1" and stopped by a logic "0" (see Tables 4a and 4b). The identification code characteristics must conform to the following: the dot must be between 0.13 and 0.16 second in duration, and the dash between 0.39 and 0.48 second. The duration between dots and/or dashes must be one dot plus or minus 10%. The duration between characters (letters) must not be less than three dots. When back azimuth is provided, the code shall be transmitted by the approach azimuth and back azimuth within plus or minus 0.08 seconds.

(B) Airborne antenna selection. A signal for airborne antenna selection shall be transmitted as a "zero" DPSK signal lasting for a six-bit period (see Tables 4a and 4b).

TABLE 4a—APPROACH AZIMUTH FUNCTION TIMING

		t time slot ins at—	
Event	15.625 kHz clock pulse (number)	Time (milli- sec- onds)	
Preamble	0	0	
Morse code	25	1.600	
Antenna select	26	1.664	
Rear OCI	32	2.048	
Left OCI	34	2.176	
Right OCI	36	2.304	
To test	38	2.432	
To scan 1	40	2.560	
Pause		8.760	
Midscan point		9.060	
FRO scan 1		9.360	
FRO test		15.560	
End Function (Airborne)		15.688	
End guard time; end function (ground)		15.900	

AA¹The actual commencement and completion of the TO and the FRO scan transmissions are dependent on the amount of proportional guidance provided. The time slots provided shall accommodate a maximum scan of plus or minus 62.0 degrees. Scan timing shall be compatible with accuracy requirements.

TABLE 4b—HIGH RATE APPROACH AZIMUTH AND BACK AZIMUTH FUNCTION TIMING

Event tim begins			
Event	15.625 kHz clock pulse (number)	Time (milli- sec- onds)	
Preamble	0	0	
Morse Code	25	1.600	
Antenna select	26	1.664	
Rear OCI	32	2.048	
Left OCI	34	2.176	
Right OCI	36	2.304	
To test	38	2.432	
To scan1	40	2.560	
Pause		6.760	
Midscan point		7.060	
FRO scan 1		7.360	
FRO test pulse		11.560	
End function (airborne)		11.688	
End guard time; end function (ground)		11.900	

¹ The actual commencement and completion of the TO and the FRO scan transmissions are dependent on the amount of proportional guidance provided. The time slots provided will accommodate a maximum scan of plus or minus 42.0 degrees. Scan timing shall be compatible with accuracy requirements.

(C) OCI. Where OCI pulses are used, they must be: (1) greater than any guidance signal in the OCI sector; (2) at least 5 dB less than the level of the scanning beam within the proportional guidance sector; and (3) for azimuth functions with clearance signals, at least 5 dB less than the level of the left (right) clearance pulses within the left (right) clearance sector.

TABLE 5—APPROACH ELEVATION FUNCTION TIMING

	Event tim begins	
Event	15.625 kHz clock pluse (number)	Time (milli- sec- onds)
Preamble	0	0
Processor pause	25	1.600
OCI	27	1.728
To scan 1	29	1.856
Pause		3.406
Midscan point		3.606
FRO scan 1		3.806
End function (airborne)		5.356
End guard time; end function (ground)		5.600

¹ The actual commencement and completion of the TO and FRO scan transmissions are dependent upon the amount of proportional guidance provided. The time slots provided will accommodate a maximum scan of −1.5 degrees to + 29.5 degrees. Scan timing shall be compatible with accuracy requirements.

The duration of each pulse measured at the half amplitude point shall be at least 100 microseconds, and the rise and