§183.31 Designated manufacturing inspection representatives.

A designated manufacturing inspection representative (DMIR) may, within limits prescribed by, and under the general supervision of, the Administrator, do the following:

- (a) Issue-
- (1) Original airworthiness certificates for aircraft and airworthiness approvals for engines, propellers, and product parts that conform to the approved design requirements and are in a condition for safe operation;
- (2) Export certificates of airworthiness and airworthiness approval tags in accordance with subpart L of part 21 of this chapter;
- (3) Experimental certificates for aircraft for which the manufacturer holds the type certificate and which have undergone changes to the type design requiring a flight test; and
- (4) Special flight permits to export aircraft.
- (b) Conduct any inspections that may be necessary to determine that—
- (1) Prototype products and related parts conform to design specifications; and
- (2) Production products and related parts conform to the approved type design and are in condition for safe operation.
- (c) Perform functions authorized by this section for the manufacturer, or the manufacturer's supplier, at any location authorized by the FAA.

[Doc. No. 16622, 45 FR 1416, Jan. 7, 1980]

§ 183.33 Designated Airworthiness Representative.

- A Designated Airworthiness Representative (DAR) may, within limits prescribed by and under the general supervision of the Administrator, do the following:
- (a) Perform examination, inspection, and testing services necessary to issue, and to determine the continuing effectiveness of, certificates, including issuing certificates, as authorized by the Executive Director, Flight Standards Service in the area of maintenance or as authorized by the Executive Director, Aircraft Certification Service in the areas of manufacturing and engineering.

- (b) Charge a fee for his or her services.
- (c) Perform authorized functions at any authorized location.

(Secs. 313(a), 314, 601, 603, 605, and 1102, Federal Aviation Act of 1958, as amended (49 U.S.C. 1354(a), 1355, 1421, 1423, 1425, and 1502); sec.6(c) Department of Transportation Act (49 U.S.C. 1655(c)))

[Doc. No. 23140, 48 FR 16179, Apr. 14, 1983, as amended by Amdt. 183–9, 54 FR 39296, Sept. 25, 1989; Amdt. 183–11, 67 FR 72766, Dec. 6, 2002; Docket FAA–2018–0119, Amdt. 183–17, 83 FR 9176, Mar. 5, 2018]

Subpart D—Organization Designation Authorization

SOURCE: Docket No. FAA-2003-16685, 70 FR 59947, Oct. 13, 2005, unless otherwise noted.

§ 183.41 Applicability and definitions.

- (a) This subpart contains the procedures required to obtain an Organization Designation Authorization, which allows an organization to perform specified functions on behalf of the Administrator related to engineering, manufacturing, operations, airworthiness, or maintenance.
- (b) *Definitions*. For the purposes of this subpart:

Organization Designation Authorization (ODA) means the authorization to perform approved functions on behalf of the Administrator.

ODA Holder means the organization that obtains the authorization from the Administrator, as identified in a Letter of Designation.

ODA Unit means an identifiable group of two or more individuals within the ODA Holder's organization that performs the authorized functions.

§ 183.43 Application.

An application for an ODA may be submitted after November 14, 2006. An application for an ODA must be submitted in a form and manner prescribed by the Administrator and must include the following:

- (a) A description of the functions for which authorization is requested.
- (b) A description of how the applicant satisfies the requirements of §183.47 of this part;
- (c) A description of the applicant's organizational structure, including a